

MUNIFF ZIAUDDIN & CO.

Chartered Accountants



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Lahore Waste management Company

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Lahore Waste Management Company (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018, and the statement of income and expenditure, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of income and expenditure, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in fund and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof confirm with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit, the comprehensive income, the changes in funds and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our Opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the company incurred a net deficit of Rs. 8,546,990,930 during the year ended June 30, 2018 and, as of that date the accumulated losses of the company are Rs. 21,317,200,702. These events or conditions, along with other matters set forth in note 2 indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Page 1 of 3 Set 2 of 4





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Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
internal control.

Page 2 of 3 Set 2 of 4

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- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017;
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Arqum Naveed.

Muniff Zigaddin E.a. Chartered Accountants

Date: 1 4 SEP 2024

Page 3 of 3 Set 2 of 4



Lahore Waste Management Company

Audited Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2018

LAHORE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

	2019	2017
Nata		Rupees
Note	Kuptes	
6		1,621,870,164
7		2,406,697
L		3,936,625
	1,514,680,377	1,628,213,486
	7,058,480	13,746,224
8		223,309,292
9	1,710,024	1,135,968
	5,597,032	3,191,681
	3,887,840	522,826
10		88,915,301
48.50	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	72,247,192
	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	43,337,146
12	262,962,211	2,286,607,066
	797,702,029	2,733,012,696
	2,312,382,406	4,361,226,182
	(21.317.200,702)	(12,770,209,772)
	(21,011,1-11,1-11,1-11,1-11,1-11,1-11,1-1	W 1316 CON 35 CO 171 S
12	4 952 853 003	4,135,624,628
		11,259,963,192
14	21,275,941,130	15,395,587,820
		1 222 504 313
15	A A PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	1,272,594,312
		131,790,307
13		331,463,515 1,735,848,134
	2,312,382,406	4,361,226,182
16	-	
	7	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The annexed notes, from 1 to 31, form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

LAHORE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Income Income from services Amortization of grants	17 18	688,332,988 3,738,057,372 4,426,390,360	506,530,807 10,026,437,756 10,532,968,563
Expenditures Direct expenses	19	(11,670,793,234) (7,244,402,874)	(10,936,802,325)
Administrative expenses	20	(471,699,961)	(374,930,697)
Operating deficit Other income	21 22	(7,716,102,835) 296,687,494 (1,127,575,589)	(778,764,459) 157,848,201 (1,673,464,399)
Finance cost Deficit before taxation Taxation	23	(8,546,990,930)	(2,294,380,657)
Deficit for the year		(8,546,990,930)	(2,294,380,657)

The annexed notes, from 1 to 31, form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



LAHORE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Deficit for the year	(8,546,990,930)	(2,294,380,657)
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to income and expenditure		(m.
Items that will not be subsequently reclassified to income and expenditure		
Total comprehensive deficit for the year	(8,546,990,930)	(2,294,380,657)

The annexed notes, from 1 to 31, form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

LAHORE WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018	Note	General Funds Rupees
Dalaman at July 01, 2016		(17,078,199,877)
Balance as at July 01, 2016	- [(2,294,380,657)
Deficit for the year		•
Other comprehensive income / (loss) Gain on restructuring of long-term financing		6,602,370,762
		4,307,990,105
Balance as at June 30, 2017		(12,770,209,772)
		(12,770,209,772)
Balance as at July 01, 2017	ſ	(8,546,990,930)
Deficit for the year		(8,540,990,930)
Other comprehensive income / (loss)	į.	(8,546,990,930)
Balance as at June 30, 2018		(21,317,200,702)

The annexed notes, from 1 to 31, form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

LAHORF WASTE MANAGEMENT COMPANY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			(2.204.300.657)
Deficit before taxation		(8,546,990,930)	(2,294,380,657)
Adjustments for non cash and other items:		(60.040.002)	(88,787,715)
Interest on saving accounts	21	(60,049,003)	146,265,453
Depreciation of property plant and equipment	6.1	144,230,373	(5,290,411,130)
Gain on restructuring of long-term loan	18	1,081,214	1.294,035
Amortization of intangible assets	7	(618,636,487)	(1,632,814,627)
Amortization of deferred grant	18	(1,555)	(606)
Unrealised exchange gain		54,437,985	43,728,016
Bad debts		1,122,165,723	1.673.464,399
Finance cost	22	1,122,163,723	689,826
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	l	644,475,250	(5,146,572,349)
Charles and incompitals			
Changes in working capital: (harvasse) Decrease in current assets.			
(Increase) Decrease in current assets		6,687,744	(9,399,473)
Stores and spares		(62,009,699)	42,115,399
Receivables against services		(574,056)	1,489,519
Advances		(2,405,351)	(1,140,720)
Short term prepayments Other receivables		(40,576,461)	(14,878,770)
Other receivables		(98,877,823)	18,185,955
Increase in current liabilities:		395,786,675	1,023,271,601
Trade accrued and other payables		(7,605,606,828)	(6,399,495,450)
Cash used in operations		(7,000,000,020)	
Interest income received		56,683,989	89,720,414
Interest cost paid		(132,490,534)	(312,465)
Income tax paid		(40,529,336)	(43,337,146)
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,721,942,709)	(6,353,424,647)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(31,975,492)	(7,995,029)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			600,000
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			(3,309,511)
Capital work in progress (CWIP)		(1.809.986)	(1.972,943)
Payment for acquisition of intangible assets		760,000	(139,000)
Long-term deposits		(33,025,478)	(12,816,483)
Net cash used in investing activities			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	14	5,731,321,777	5,500,000,000
Loan received from the Government	14	5,731,321,777	5,500,000,000
Net cash generated from financing activities			(Edito Show) William (Vers
Net decrease in eash and eash equivalents		(2,023,646,410)	(866,241,130)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,286,607,066	3,152,847,590
Effect of exchange gain on eash and eash equivalents		1,555	606
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	12	262,962,211	2,286,607,066

The annexed notes, from 1 to 31, form an integral part of these financial statements.

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER